AUDINATE GROUP LIMITED ACN 618 616 916

(the "Company")

Corporate Governance Statement 2024

This Corporate Governance Statement sets out the Company's current compliance with the fourth edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (**Principles and Recommendations**). The Principles and Recommendations are not mandatory. However, the Company is required to provide a statement as part of its annual report disclosing the extent to which the Company has followed the Principles and Recommendations. This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 10 September 2024 and has been approved by resolution of the Board.

The Board of the Company currently has in place corporate governance policies and charters which have been posted in a dedicated corporate governance information section on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.

PRI	PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS		EXPLANATION
1.	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	The respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management are defined under the Board Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance . There is a clear delineation between the Board's responsibility for the Company's strategy and activities, and the day-to-day management of operations conferred upon officers of the Company.
1.2	 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 	Yes	The process for selection, appointment, and re-appointment of directors is detailed in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance. Appropriate checks are required before the appointment of directors or senior executives, including bankruptcy and police checks.

			Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, shareholders are required to be provided with all material information in the Committee's possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director including, biographical details, qualifications, a statement as to whether the Board supports the nomination of the director and the degree of independence of the director, the current term of office of the director (if relevant) and, details of any other existing directorships held.
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	The Company requires each director and senior executive to execute a written agreement setting out the terms of their appointment.
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Yes	The company secretary is Rob Goss, who reports directly to the chair of the Board, David Krall (in respect of his role as company secretary).
			The role of the company secretary is outlined in the Board Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;	Yes	The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.
	(b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and		The Diversity Policy requires the Board to establish measurable objectives to assist the Company to achieve gender diversity and to assess the Company's progress in achieving these objectives.
	 (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: 		The Remuneration and Nomination Committee reports to the Board on gender diversity initiatives. The Directors' Report includes disclosures on the Company's measurable objectives for gender diversity and provides an update on the progress towards achieving these objectives. Further detail is also available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/esg .
	(A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole		If the Company continues to employ 100 or more employees in Australia for 6 months or more during the period 1 April 2024 to

- workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or
- (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.

If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.

31 March 2025 it will be considered a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act and will be required to report for the first time at the end of the reporting period. The respective proportion of men and women across the Audinate workforce is as follows:

	<u>30 June</u> 2023		<u>30 June</u> 2024	
	Male Female		Male	Female
Board	5 (71%)	2 (29%)	5 (71%)	2 (29%)
*Senior Executive	6 (75%)	2 (25%)	7 (78%)	2 (22%)
All employees	156 (79%)	41 (21%)	166 (74%)	59 (26%)

^{*}Senior Executive is defined as the CEO and the Executive Leadership Team members who report directly to the CEO

1.6	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period. 	Yes	Under the Board Charter, the Board is required to regularly, with the advice and assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee, to review and evaluate the performance of the Board, its Committees and individual directors against the relevant charters, corporate governance policies, and agreed goals and objectives (as applicable). The current process undertaken by the Board to assess its performance and the performance of its committees and directors is via a detailed, anonymous, self-evaluation which includes a survey regarding all areas of Board and Committee performance. During the Reporting Period, the Board conducted an evaluation, as described above, to which all directors responded anonymously. The Board reviewed and discussed the responses to the survey and developed a number of actions to further enhance the Board's performance.
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	Under the Board Charter, the Board (with the advice and assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee) is responsible for reviewing and approving the performance of the members of the executive leadership team. The Non-Executive Directors (NEDs) annually assess the performance of the CEO according to agreed performance indicators. Where areas for improvement are identified, the NEDs will direct appropriate actions and implement strategies to put into effect the improvements. The CEO in turn is responsible for assessing the performance of his direct reports, identify areas for improvement, and strategies designed to implement appropriate improvements. The CEO consults with the Board regarding the remuneration of the senior executives, including any bonus or proposed issue under the Company's employee share plan. During the Reporting Period, the performance of the CEO and senior executives were assessed, areas for improvement identified and strategies adopted to implement improvements.

2.	Structure the board to be effective and add value		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and	Yes	The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee to oversee the selection and appointment practices of the Company. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is governed by a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, which is
	(2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:		available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.
	(3) the charter of the committee;(4) the members of the committee; and	(3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and	The Remuneration and Nomination Committee consists of three members, Alison Ledger, David Krall and John Dyson, each of whom are independent non-executive directors.
	(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or		The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is chaired by Alison Ledger, who is an independent director for ASX purposes.
	(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.		The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter prohibits a member of the Committee from being present for discussions at a Committee meeting on, or to vote on a matter regarding, his or her election, re-election or removal. The number of times the Committee met and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report.
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for regularly reviewing the size, composition and skills of the Board to ensure that the Board is able to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively and to identify any gaps in the skills or experience of the Board.
			The Board has prepared and considered a board skills matrix assessing the current skills and diversity of the Board and its needs going forward which was reviewed during the reporting period.
			The Board skills matrix provides a detailed description of the desired skills and behaviours that are considered important to achieve in the board memberships. The skills matrix was used to

			assist the Board in the last director appointment and was updated following the appointment. The following competencies have been identified by the Board as skills and experience that the Board has and would like to build on: 1. Strategic and commercial acumen 2. Corporate governance experience 3. Financial acumen 4. Risk and compliance 5. Global technology B2B business experience 6. Marketing / new product development 7. Manufacturing expertise 8. Executive leadership 9. Technology infrastructure expertise 10. People, culture and conduct expertise 11. Mergers and acquisitions experience 12. Equity and Debt capital markets expertise The Board considers there is currently an appropriate mix of skills, diversity and experience on the Board, taking into account the size of the Company and the nature of its operations.
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	Yes	The Company assesses the independence of its directors against the requirements for independence set out in the Board Charter which is based upon the independence criteria set out in the ASX Corporate Governance Principles. Director independence is initially assessed upon each director's appointment and reviewed on an ongoing basis, or as required when a new personal interest or conflict of interest is disclosed. Directors are required to disclose all actual or potential conflicts of interest on an ongoing basis. David Krall, Tim Finlayson, Alison Ledger, Roger Price, John Dyson and Amrita Blickstead are the directors considered by the Board to be independent.
			Aidan Williams, the CEO and Co-Founder, is not considered

			independent.
			The length of service of each director on the Board, during and subsequent to the reporting period ended 30 June 2024, is as follows:
			Roger Price: 19 April 2017 – present
			John Dyson: 19 April 2017 – present
			David Krall: 19 April 2017 – present
			Alison Ledger: 9 May 2017 – present
			Tim Finlayson: 9 May 2017 – present
			Aidan Williams: 16 September 2019 – present
			Amrita Blickstead: 1 January 2023 – present
			It should be noted that Messers Price, Dyson and Krall acted as Directors of Audinate Pty Ltd for several years before the incorporation of Audinate Group Limited to facilitate listing on the ASX.
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	Yes	The Company currently has seven directors and six of these are considered independent for ASX purposes.
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	Yes	The Chairman of the Board is David Krall. Mr Krall is considered an independent director for ASX purposes. The roles of Chairman and CEO are exercised by two separate individuals. The role of CEO is held by Aidan Williams.

2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for establishing and facilitating induction for new directors and providing new directors with all such information and advice which may be considered necessary or desirable for the director to commence their appointment to the Board. The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee is also responsible for providing directors with access to continuing education for directors for the purpose of updating and maintaining their skills and knowledge to perform their roles as directors effectively. A copy of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.
3.	Instil a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly		
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Yes	 Audinate's values, which have been approved by the Board and are lived throughout the Company are: Excellence: We take responsibility, act with urgency and deliver excellence. Teamwork: Success is not a solo race. When we work together we accomplish more. Innovation: We envisage what our customers will need to thrive in a networked AV world. Integrity: Operating with respect and trust is fundamental to our success. Courage: As pioneers we have the belief and strength to take risks and make big decisions.

3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct which applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company. The Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance. The Board receives regular reporting from Management which includes any material breaches of the Code or confirmation that there have been no known breaches.
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Whistleblower Policy which provides for confidential reporting of reportable conduct. The Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance. The Board receives regular reporting from Management which includes the number and nature of whistleblowing disclosures received or confirmation that there have been no disclosures received.
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	Yes	The Company's anti-bribery and corruption policy forms part of the Company's Code of Conduct. As set out above, the Code of Conduct is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance . The Board receives regular reporting from Management which includes any material breaches of the Code (including any breaches of the anti-bribery and corruption policy) or confirmation that there have been no known breaches.

4	Safeguard the integrity of corporate reports		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	Yes	The Company has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee to oversee the management of financial and internal risks. The Audit and Risk Management Committee consists of four members, Tim Finlayson, John Dyson, Roger Price and Amrita Blickstead. All members of the Committee are independent non-executive directors. The Committee is chaired by Tim Finlayson who is an independent director who is not the Chair of the Board. The Audit and Risk Management Committee is governed by an Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance . The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee, the number of times the committee met and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report.
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	Prior to the Board approving the Company's financial statements, including the Company's accounts to 30 June 2024, the Board ensures that it receives from the CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained, that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity, and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively. For the accounts to 30 June 2024, the CEO and CFO declaration also confirmed that,

			in their opinion, the consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Yes	Periodic corporate reports that are not otherwise subject to audit or review by an external auditor are reviewed in accordance with an internal verification procedure to ensure the integrity and accuracy of the information included in those reports. This verification procedure involves a systematic checking and sign off procedure. Where possible, each statement or number is linked back to an independent external or internal source document.
5	Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	The Company is committed to taking a proactive approach to continuous disclosure and creating a culture within the Company that promotes and facilitates compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations. The Company has adopted a written policy to ensure compliance
			with its ASX Listing Rule disclosure obligations. A copy of the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on its website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.
			The Company has appointed the Company Secretary as the reporting officer and the ASX liaison officer. However, the Board retains ultimate responsibility for compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	The Company Secretary is responsible for circulating to the Board copies of all material ASX announcements released by the Company promptly after their release.

5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	All substantive investor and analyst presentations are released to ASX ahead of the presentation.
6	Respect the rights of security holders		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	The Company provides investors with comprehensive and timely access to information about itself and its governance on its website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance , including copies of the Company's Board and Committee Charters and key corporate governance policies, copies of all material information lodged with ASX, copies of all announcements, briefings and speeches made to the market, analysts or the media, press releases or announcements made by the Company, financial data for the Company, the Company's annual reports and notices of shareholder meetings. Further details are set out in the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy.
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Policy for shareholders wishing to communicate with the Board, a copy of which is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance. The Company seeks to utilise numerous modes of communication, including electronic communication to ensure that its communication with shareholders is frequent, clear and accessible. For example, the Company holds regular online investor briefings which all shareholders are able to attend. The Company also encourages shareholder communication with the Company and invites shareholders to submit questions in advance of the Company's annual general meeting.

6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	All shareholders are invited to attend the Company's general meetings either in person or by representative. Shareholders have an opportunity to submit questions to the Board and the Company's external auditor for consideration at the annual general meeting, both in advance of the meeting and at the meeting.
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	All substantive resolutions considered at the Company's general meetings are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands, as occurred at the Company's 2023 Annual General Meeting.
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	The Company encourages shareholders to submit questions or requests for information directly to the Company via the Company's website at https://investor.audinate.com/investor-centre/?page=investor-contacts . The Company also encourages shareholders to submit any questions related to their shareholdings in the Company to the Company's share registry with the share registry's contact details included in the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy, including details for electronic communication.
7	Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:	Yes	In conjunction with the Company's other corporate governance policies, the Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy which is designed to assist the Company to identify, assess, monitor and manage its risk, including any material changes to its risk profile. The Board has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day oversight and management of the Company's risk profile to the
	(3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and		Audit and Risk Management Committee. The Audit and Risk Management Committee is responsible for

- (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

ensuring that the Company maintains effective risk management and internal control systems and processes and provides regular reports to the Board on these matters.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee consists of four members, Tim Finlayson, John Dyson, Roger Price and Amrita Blickstead. All members of the Committee are independent non-executive directors. The Committee is chaired by Tim Finlayson who is an independent director.

The Board has conferred responsibility on the Company's management to develop and maintain a risk management program and internal control systems which identify material risks in light of the day to day needs of the Company.

The Board is responsible for oversight of the overall system of internal control and provides final consideration and direction on any risk management issues.

The number of times the committee met and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report.

A copy of the Company's Risk Management Policy and the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter are available on the Company's website at

www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.

7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes	The Audit and Risk Management Committee regularly reviews and evaluates the effectiveness of its risk management framework to ensure that its internal control systems and processes are monitored and updated on an ongoing basis. The division of responsibility between the Board, Audit and Risk Management Committee and management aims to ensure that specific responsibilities for risk management are clearly communicated and understood. The Risk Management Policy provides for regular reporting to the Board which supplements the Company's quality system, complaint handling processes and standard operating procedures which are all designed to address various forms of risks. In accordance with the Risk Management Policy, the Audit and
7.3	Companies should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes	Yes in respect to 7.3(b)	Risk Management Committee and Board have reviewed the Company's risk framework during the reporting period. Due to the Company's current size and business circumstances, the Company does not have an internal audit function. The Company will reconsider this decision as appropriate and appoint an internal auditor if, and when, the Company considers this necessary. Under the Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter, the Audit and Risk Management Committee is responsible for providing an objective assessment to the Board regarding the adequacy, effectiveness and efficiency of the Company's risk management and internal control process.

7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	As a software technology provider, Audinate's environmental footprint, based on Scope 1 and 2 emissions, is relatively small across its global operations. The Company has conducted a Scope 1 and 2 emissions inventory and the results are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report. The Company intends to become carbon neutral (in respect of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) during FY25. Audinate is subject to federal, state and local regulations and has procedures in place to comply with applicable regulations in the jurisdictions where the Company operates. During the reporting period, there were no incidents of noncompliance that resulted in regulatory or legal action or fines and penalties, with respect to legislation.
			The operating and financial performance of the Company is influenced by a variety of general domestic and global economic and business conditions. These are factors outside of the Company's control and accordingly they are managed through monitoring the economic and political environment and taking mitigating actions where possible and warranted. Annual disclosures include the management of supply chain risks (including Modern Slavery and Conflict Minerals), cyber security and diversity and inclusion at Audinate. In addition to these disclosures, the Directors' Report also includes a summary of the other significant risks faced by Audinate.
8	Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee;	Yes	The Company has a Remuneration and Nomination Committee, which is governed by a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter. A copy of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available on the website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance . The Remuneration and Nomination Committee consists of three members, Alison Ledger (Chair), David Krall and John Dyson, each of whom is an independent non-executive director. Further, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter
	(4) the members of the committee; and		1 utulet, the Remaineration and Politimation Committee Charter

	 (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 		prohibits a member of the Committee from being present for discussions at a Committee meeting on, or vote on a matter regarding, his or her remuneration. The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is chaired by Alison Ledger, who is an independent director for ASX purposes. The number of times the committee met and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings is set out in the Directors' Report.
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	The Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for setting and reviewing the policies and practices of the Company regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives, separately. Policies and practices regarding remuneration of non-executive directors, executive directors and senior executives are set out in the Company's Remuneration Report, which forms part of the Directors' Report.
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Yes	The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy which provides that participants must not, without prior written approval by the relevant person specified in the Policy, engage in hedging arrangements, deal in derivatives or enter into other arrangements which vary economic risk related to the Company's securities. A copy of the Securities Trading Policy is available on the Company's website at www.audinate.com/company/about/corporate-governance.